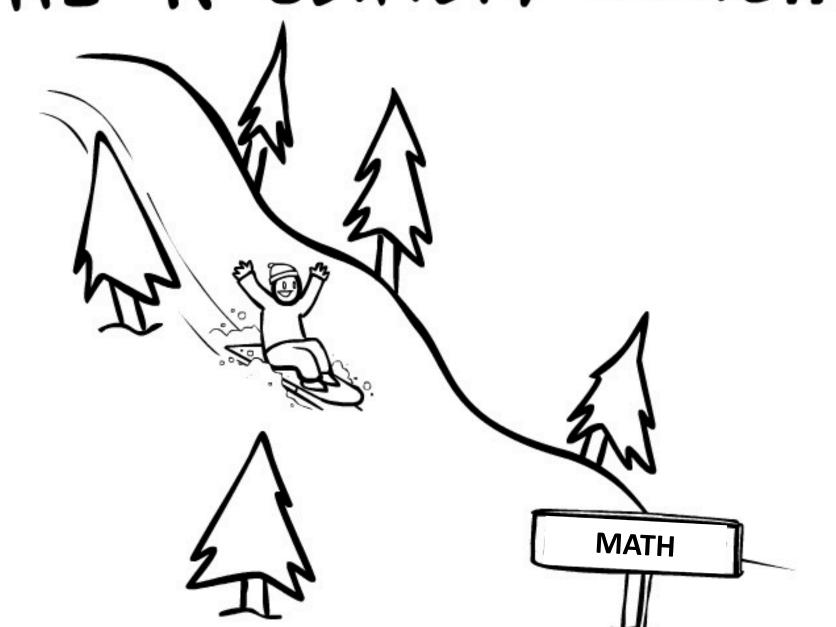
Day 9: Slope, Perpendicular vs. Parallel

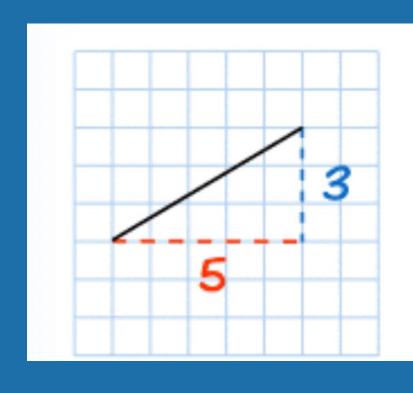




ITS A SLIPPERY SLOPE...



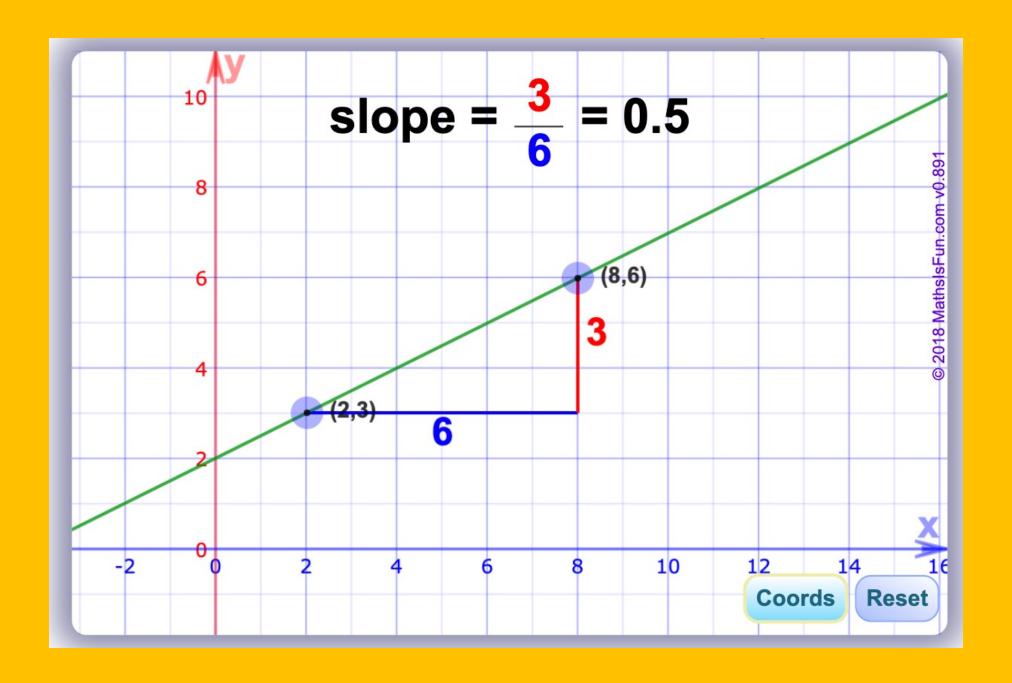
What is slope?

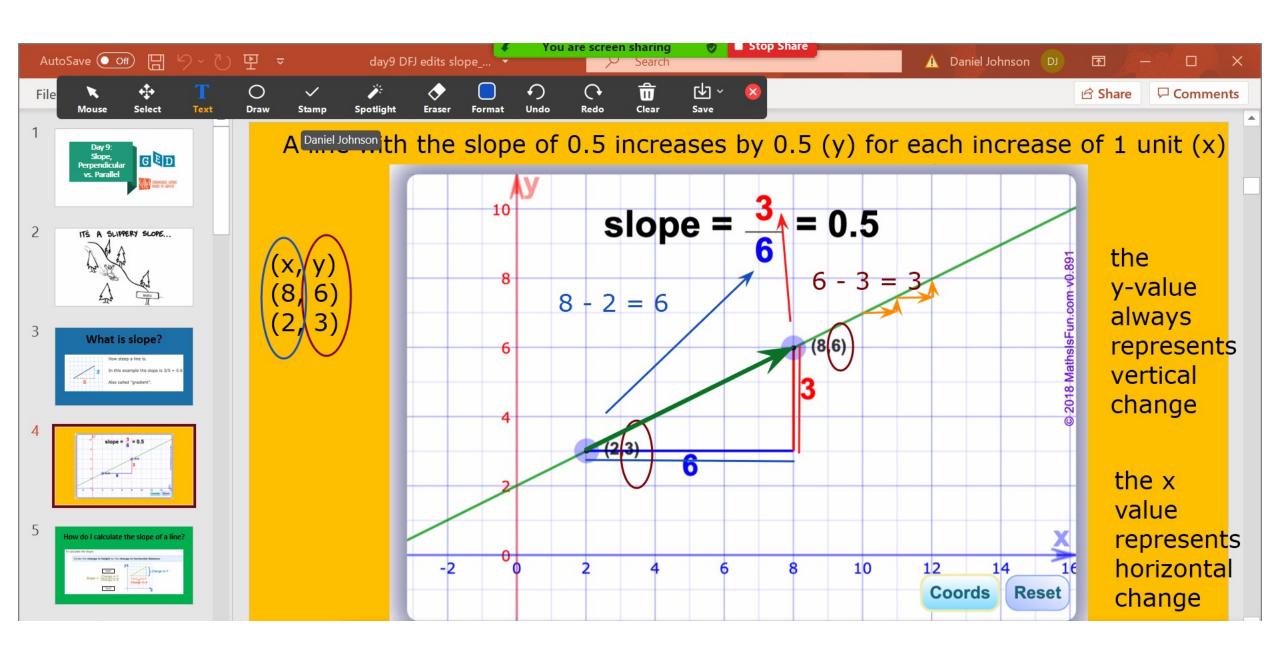


How steep a line is.

In this example the slope is 3/5 = 0.6

Also called "gradient".

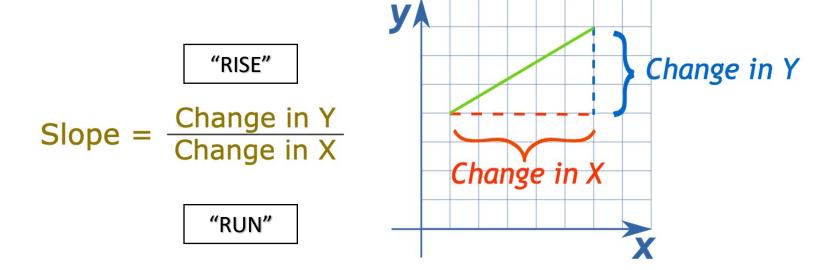




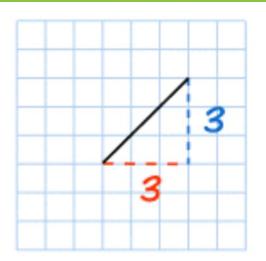
How do I calculate the slope of a line?

To calculate the Slope:

Divide the change in height by the change in horizontal distance

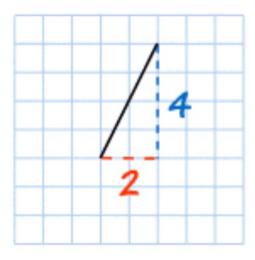


More examples:



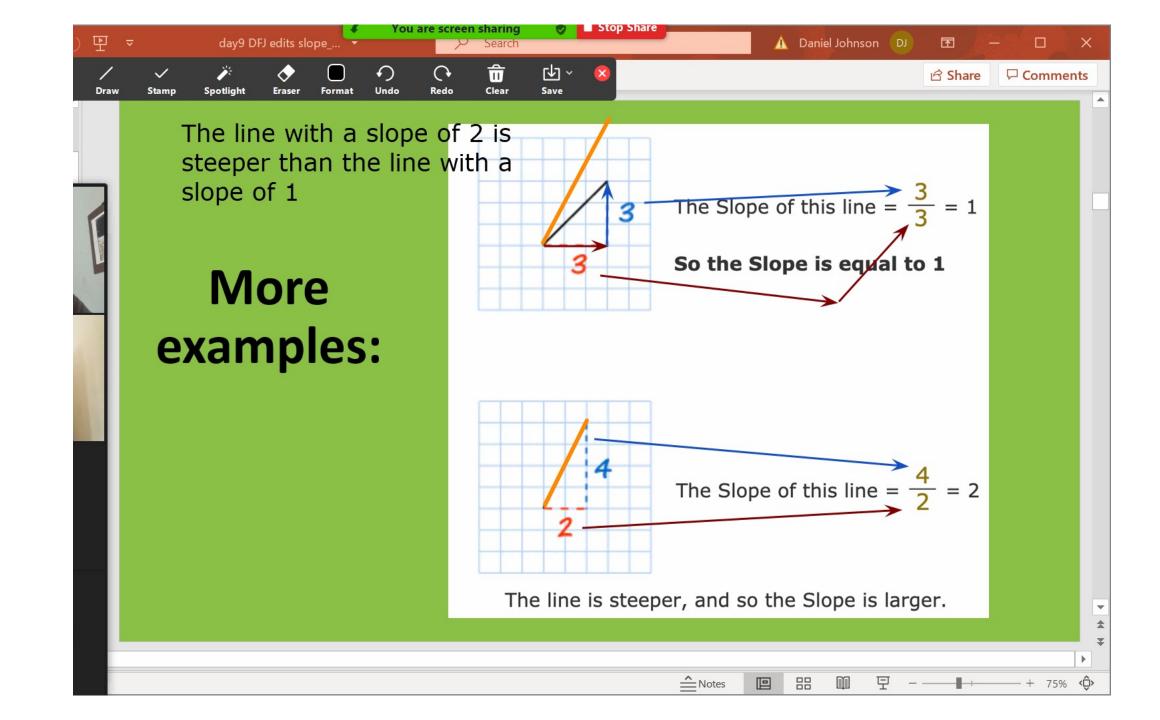
The Slope of this line =
$$\frac{3}{3}$$
 = 1

So the Slope is equal to 1



The Slope of this line =
$$\frac{4}{2}$$
 = 2

The line is steeper, and so the Slope is larger.



Positive or Negative?

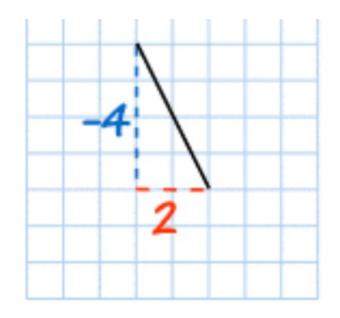
Going from left-to-right, the cyclist has to Push on a Positive Slope:



When measuring the line:

- Starting from the left and going across to the right is positive (but going across to the left is negative).
- Up is positive, and down is negative

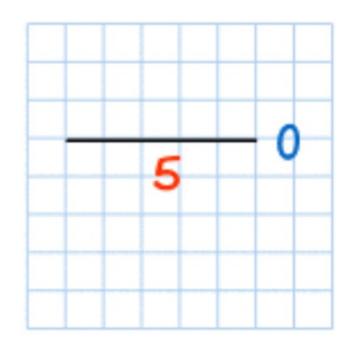
Negative Slope



Slope =
$$\frac{-4}{2}$$
 = -2

That line goes **down** as you move along, so it has a negative Slope.

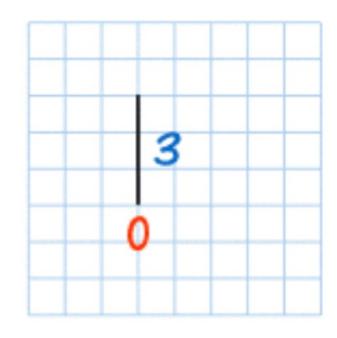
Slope of Zero



Slope =
$$\frac{0}{5}$$
 = 0

A line that goes straight across (Horizontal) has a Slope of zero.

Undefined Slope



Slope =
$$\frac{3}{0}$$
 = undefined

That last one is a bit tricky ... you can't <u>divide by zero</u>, so a "straight up and down" (vertical) line's Slope is "undefined".

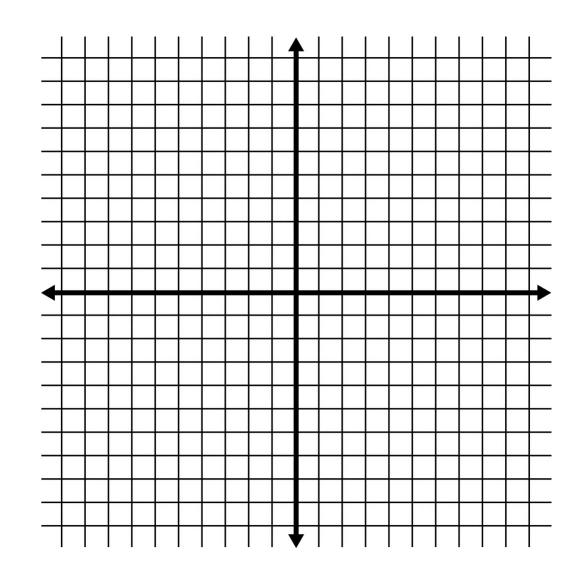
What is the slope of a line that passes through (-1, 3) and (1,4)?



B. -1/2

C. 1/2

D. 2/3



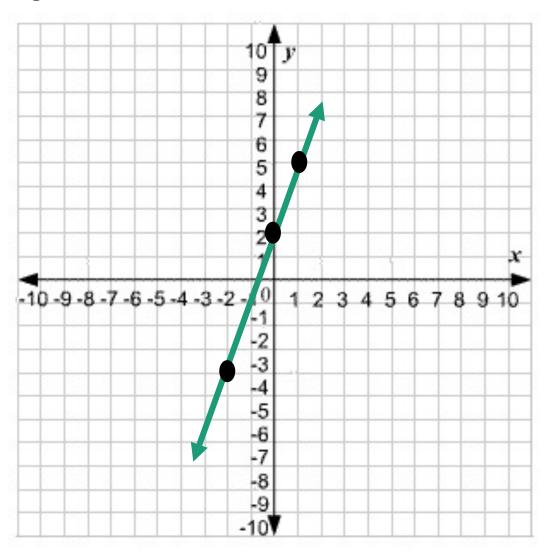
The following points lie on A: (-2, -4), (0, 2), and (1, 5). What is the slope of line A?

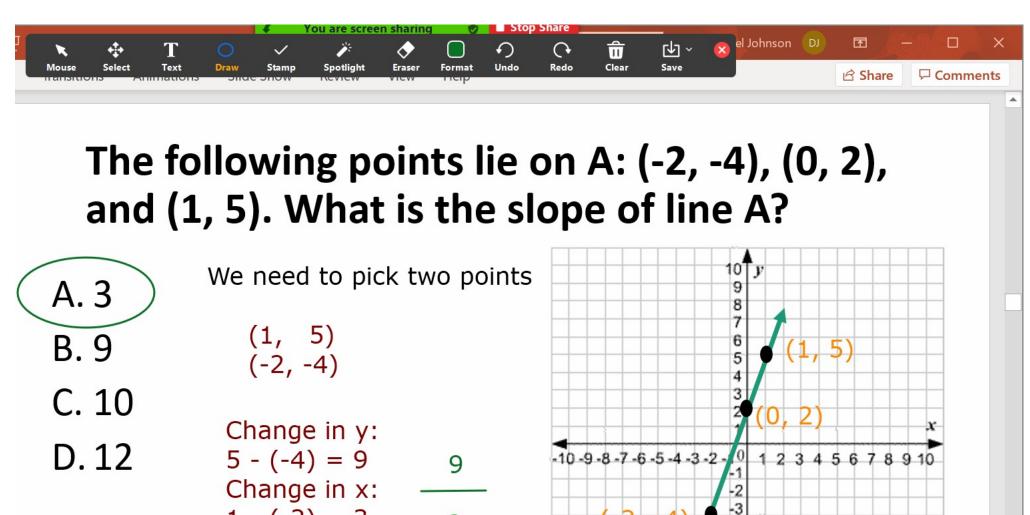
A. 3

B. 9

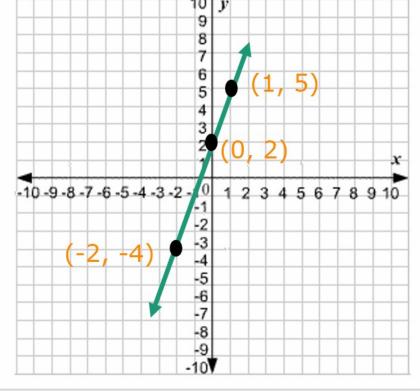
C. 10

D. 12





1 - (-2) = 3

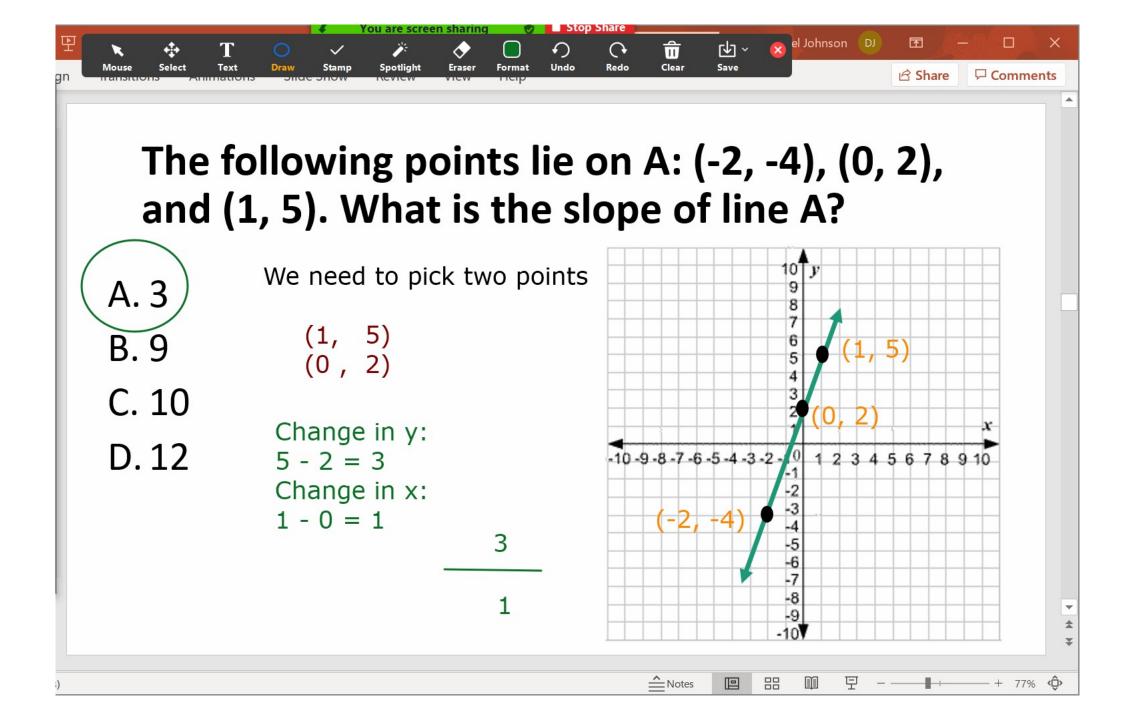












A ramp was built to allow wheelchair access to a front door. The ramp rises 2 feet, as shown in the diagram below.

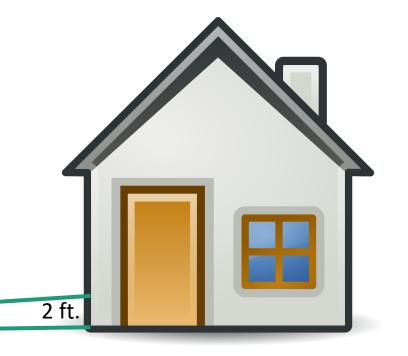
What is the slope of the ramp?

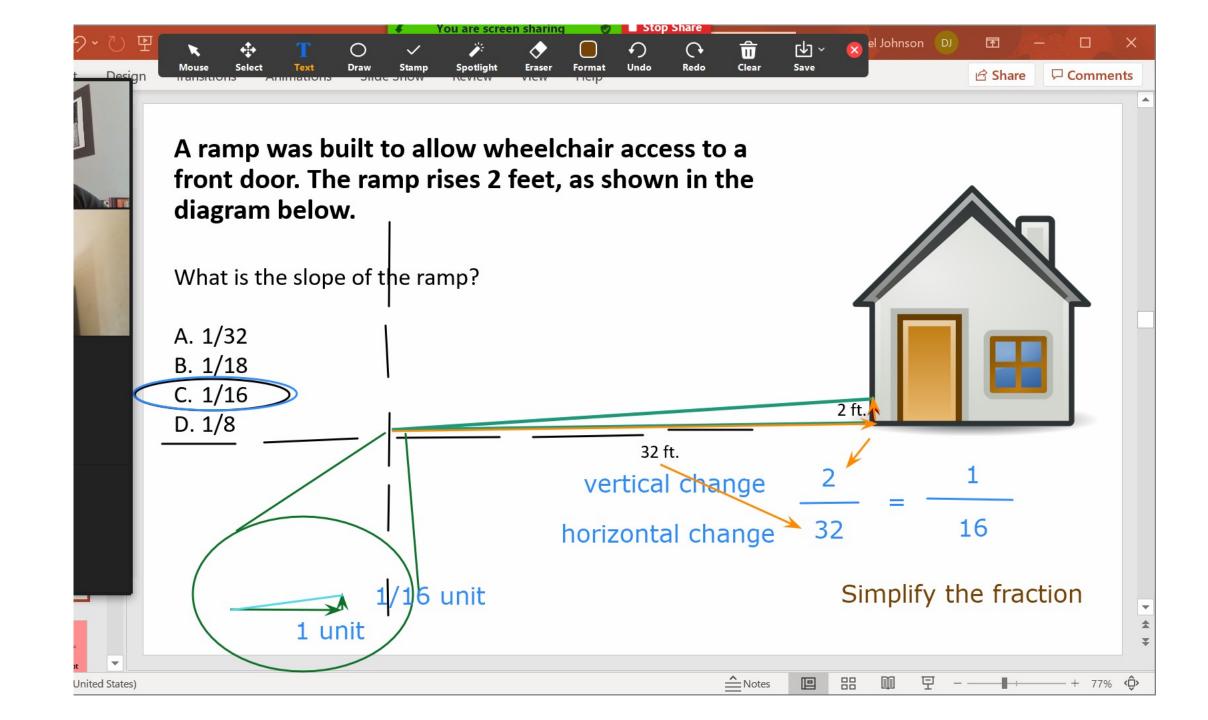
A. 1/32

B. 1/18

C. 1/16

D. 1/8





Slope-intercept form

 The slope of a line can be used in combination with other information to find the formula of the line. The slope-intercept form can be used if the y-intercept is known:

$$y = mx + b$$

m is the slope and b is the y-intercept

• If one point is known:

$$y - y1 = m(x - x1)$$

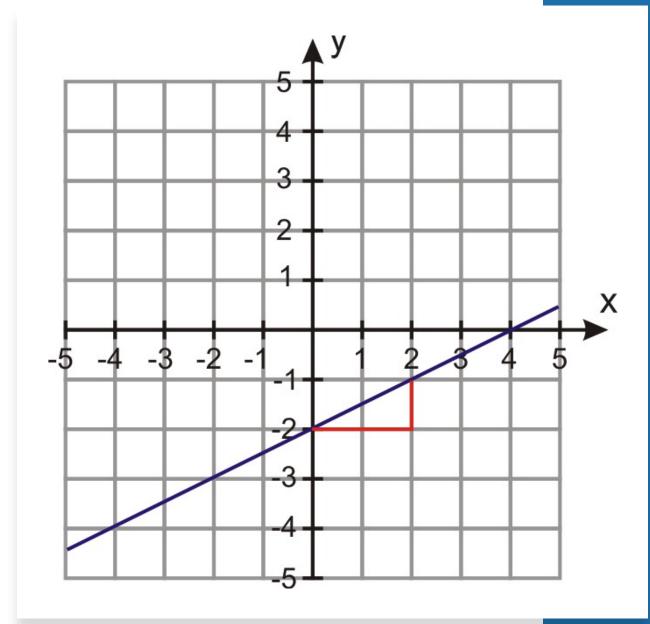
m is the slope and (x1, y1) is the point

Equation of a Line

- To find the equation of a line, find the yintercept (where the line crosses the yaxis). The line crosses the y-axis at -2.
- Next find the slope. The slope of this line is 1/2
- Substitute the values of *m* and *b* into the equation.

> Y = mx + b
> Y =
$$1/2x + (-2)$$

> Y = $1/2x - 2$





$$(2, -1)$$

 $(0, -2)$

Change in y : (-1) - (-2) = +1

Change in x: 2 - 0 = 2

Equation of a Line

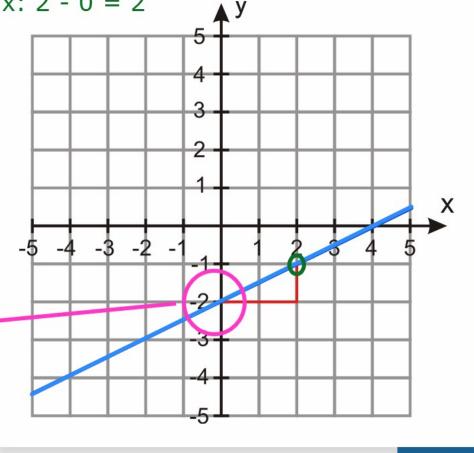
- To find the equation of a line, find the yintercept (where the line crosses the yaxis). The line crosses the y-axis at -2.
- Next find the slope. The slope of this line is 1/2
- Substitute the values of m and b into the equition.

$$ightharpoonup Y = mx + b$$

$$> Y = 1/2x + (-2)$$

$$Y = 1/2x - 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} x - 2$$







(-1) + 2 = 1

Test-Taking Tip

- Note that the slopes of -1/2 and 1/-2 have the same value. Both show a negative slope.
- However, -1/-2 actually shows a positive slope because a negative divided by a negative equals a positive.

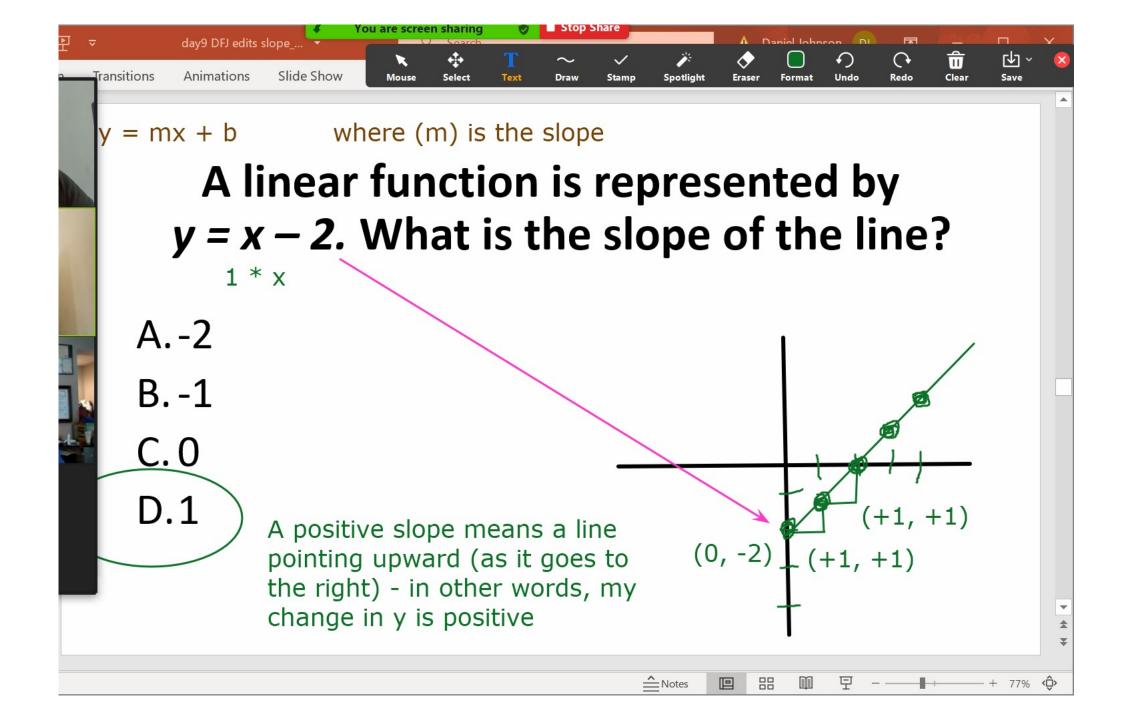
A linear function is represented by y = x - 2. What is the slope of the line?

A.-2

B. -1

C. 0

D.1



Identify which of the following equations are written in point-slope form.

A.
$$3x + 3y = 18$$

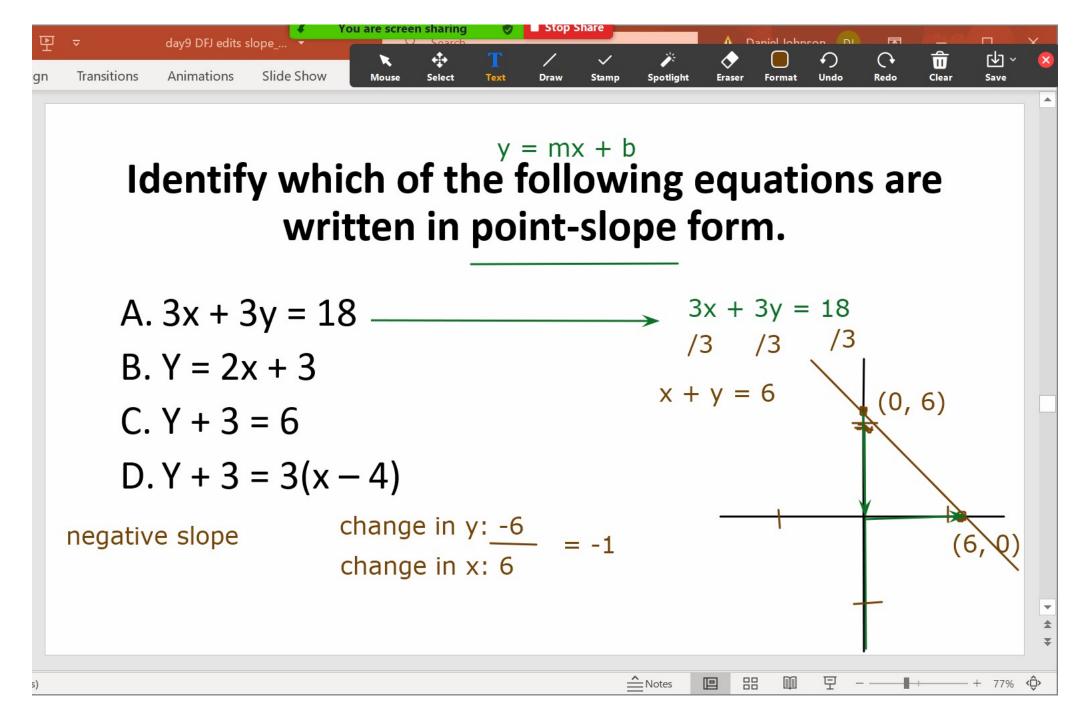
B.
$$Y = 2x + 3$$

C.
$$Y + 3 = 6$$

D.
$$Y + 3 = 3(x - 4)$$

Note: Letter (B) is in point-slope form.

We can find the slope of equation (A) by graphing it, then calculating based on the two known points.



Perpendicular & Parallel

What do these words mean?



"Don't be frightened. I'm you, but I come from a perpendicular universe."

Perpendicular

It just means at right angles (90°) to. The red line is perpendicular to the blue line: Perpendicular

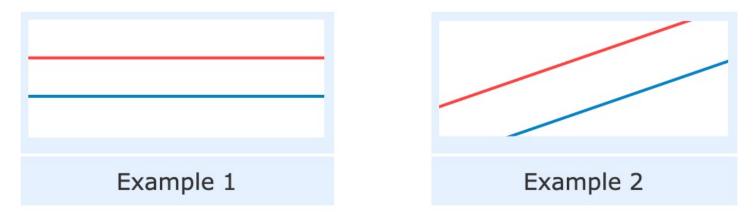
If two lines are perpendicular to each other, their slopes are negative reciprocals of each other. For example, if the slope of one line is 2, the slope of a perpendicular line is -1/2.

Parallel

Lines are parallel if they are always the same distance apart (called "equidistant"), and will never meet. (They also point in the same direction). Just remember:

Always the same distance apart and never touching.

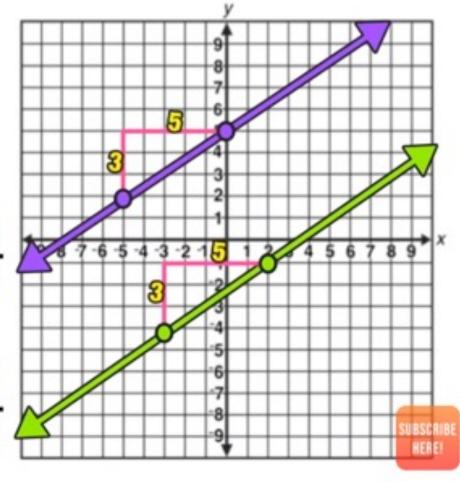
The red line and blue line are parallel in both these examples:



If two lines are parallel to each other, they have the same slope.

If lines are **parallel**, then their slopes are the

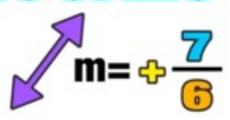
SAME

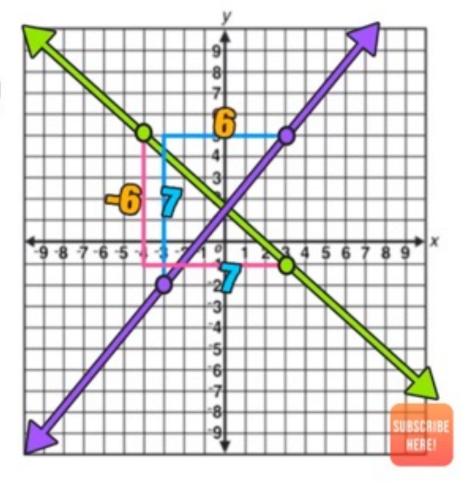


If lines are perpendicular, then their slopes are

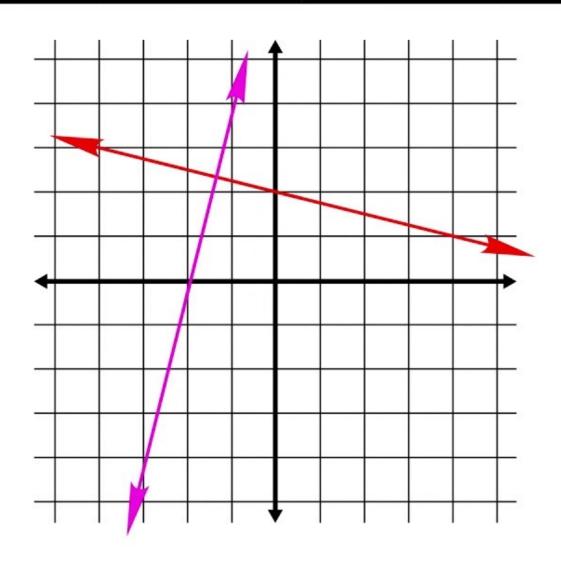
NEGATIVE RECIPROCALS







Parallel and Perpendicular Lines



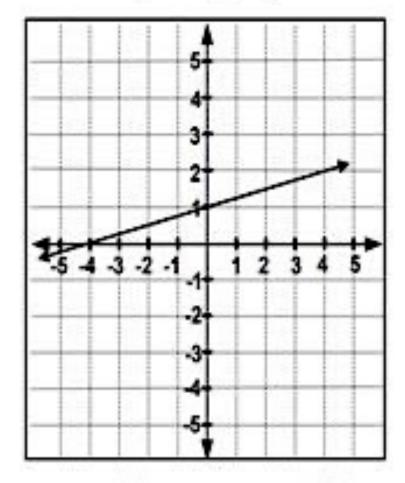
write the equation of any line that is perpendicular to

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 2$$

$$y = 4x + 6$$

 $y = 4x - 1000$

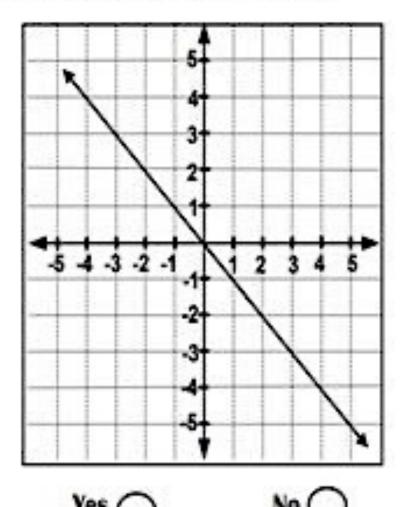
1. Is the line in the graph below parallel to the line with the equation $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 2$?



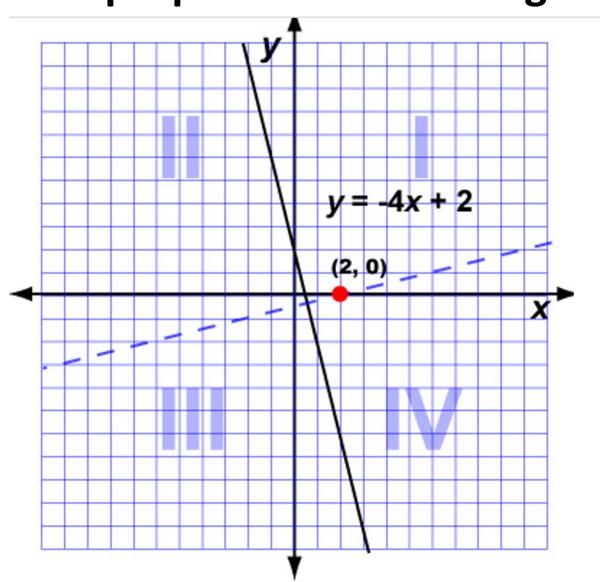
Yes 🔾

No O

2. Is the line in the graph perpendicular to the line with the equation y = x + 2?



Find the equation of the line passing through the point shown and perpendicular to the given line.



What is the slope of a line parallel to y = 4x + 3?

$$A. -3/4$$

C. 3

D. 4

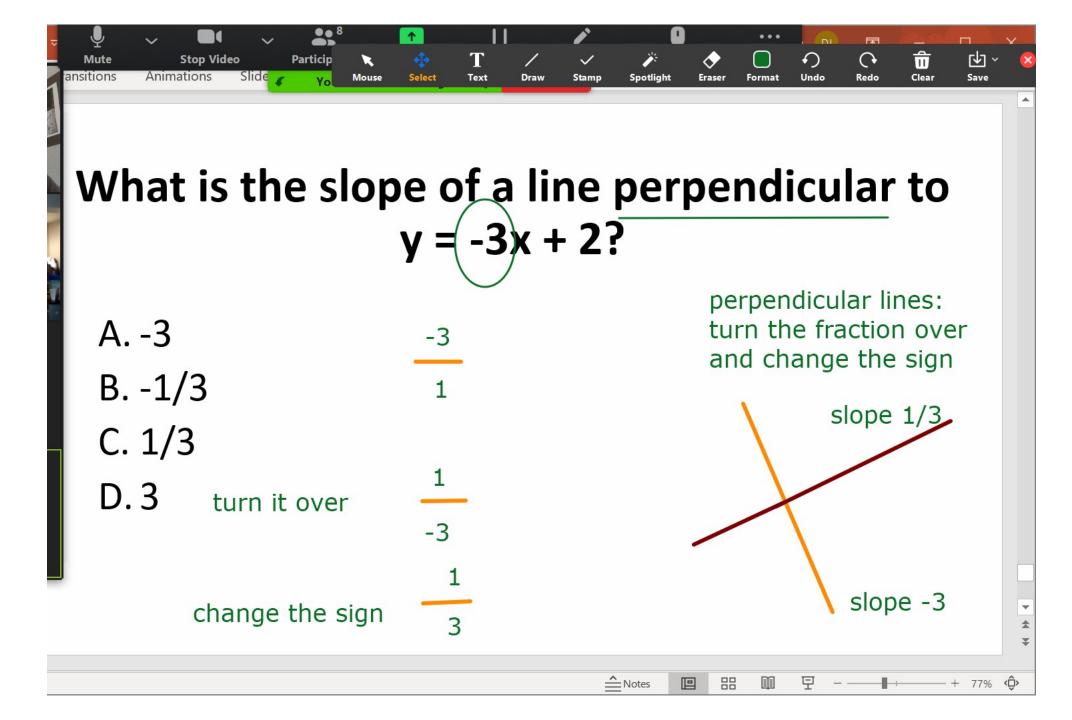
What is the slope of a line perpendicular to y = -3x + 2?

A. -3

B. -1/3

C. 1/3

D. 3



Homework!

